



Lesson Sequence

1. Discover animal families



2. Learn about the differences between mammals and birds



3. Learn about the differences between amphibians, reptiles and fish



4. Discover the type of food living things eat



5. Explore the difference between wild animals and pets



6. Explain the characteristics of an animal



bird



- young born in eggs
- feathers
- warm-blooded

fish



- scales
- gills
- live in water
- cold-blooded

reptile



- young born in eggs
- cold-blooded

amphibian



- young born in eggs
- cold-blooded
- lives in water and on land

mammal



- young born live
- warm-blooded
- fur

What animals eat

herbivore



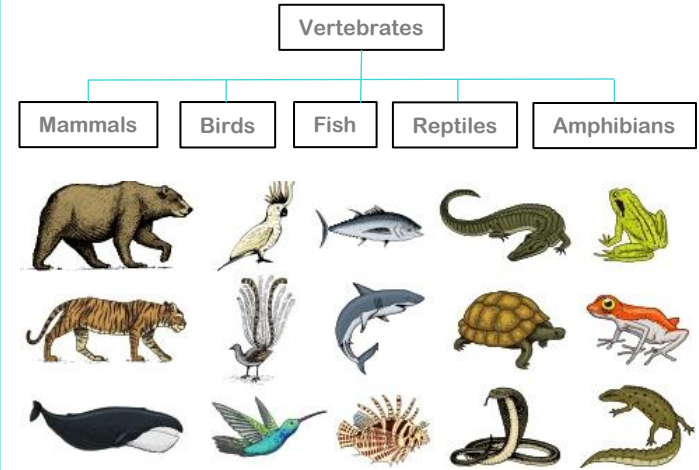
omnivore



carnivore



Classification of animals



Carnivores



Herbivores



Omnivores





Rocket Words

fish	an animal that lives in water and has fins for swimming and gills for breathing
amphibian	a cold-blooded animal that spends some time on land and in water
reptile	a cold-blooded animal that usually has the skin covered with scales or bony plates
mammal	a warm-blooded animal with a skeleton inside its body that grows hair or fur on this skin; mammal mothers produce milk to feed their babies
bird	an animal with a backbone that has feathers, wings and a beak
warm-blooded	having a warm body temperature that does not change with the temperature of the air
cold-blooded	having a body temperature that changes depending on the temperature of the air or water
herbivore	an animal that only eats plants